Senate Reading Room
1 Jan 1900

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. XXII. No. 37. EDMONTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1900 SEMI-WEEKLY, 4 PAGES.

WAR NEWS.

BRITISH SUCCESSES STILL CONTINUE

Burghersdorp and Norval's Pont have been taken. Lord Roberts Routs the Enemy. One Hundred more Canadians for Africa.

Ladysmith, March 3.—Three regiments of calvary reconnoitering northwards to-day saw a body of Boers behind Pepworth Hill. Two long trains which were ready to leave moved before the troops reached them and the Boers blew up a culvert behind them as they went. The British passed a large body of Boers in the vicinity of Pepworth. The Boers opened a heavy rifle fire, the British field guns replying. The British did not press the attack and the Boer fire ceased on the British retiring. The Boer camps showed many evidences of the presence of women.

Gen. White's garrison has begun to leave Ladysmith and is arriving at the Mooi river camp where the troops will remain several days after which they will go further south. They are emaciated and exhausted, and say the road to Colenso presents scenes that exceed in horror those depicted in Dante's Inferno. Dead men and animals are lying mutilated and putrified in the trenches formerly occupied by the Boers and fill the air with a sickening stench. In cases where a hurried burial had been attempted the rains have washed away the earth and out of the earth stick ghastly legs and arms of dead burghers.

Cape town March 7.—The railroad is now repaired northward from Kimberley to Riverton. Engineers are pushing the work rapidly. The Boer prisoners captured at Paardeberg total 4,660 men. About 2,000 of them are on the way here and the pressure on the rolling stock is enormous.

London, March 7: Lord Roberts still pauses in the neighborhood of Asfontein while stores, remounts and fresh troops stream towards him from the Cape. The British position also continues to improve in the minor spheres of the campaign. Natal is clear of Boers and Cape Colony is nearly so. The Boers seemingly are pursuing the course commended by the strategists and are concentrating to resist the British main army. Various messages from correspondents with Roberts report that the enemy are increasing continually on the front, extending as one correspondent wires eight miles and as another says eighteen miles. The lowest estimate of their number gives the Boers from eight to ten thousand men with smaller bodies moving north and south of the British lines.

Winnipeg, Mar. 9,

Burghersdorp, Cape Colony, and Norval's Pont, Orange Free State, have been taken by the British.

The Boers report that they were repulsed at Dordrecht on Sunday and lost three guns, and also that all the forts at Mafeking except one have been taken. Presidents Kruger and Steyn endeavored to stop the retreat of the fleeing Boers who were pursued by Gen. French, but it was of no avail. The Boers are entrenching at Biggarsburg, about 40 miles directly north of Ladysmith in Natal.

Strathcona's Horse was reviewed by Lord Minto at Ottawa and given a farewell by the citizens. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Dr. Borden, Sir Charles Tupper and others spoke. Four guidons were presented to the regiment by the ladies. The war office has decided to accept 100 Canadians to replace vacancies in first contingent and these will sail on Monteray.

Many volunteers have presented themselves in Winnipeg for service in South Africa or Halifax.

Grant and Irwin are ill with fever in South African hospitals.

The death is announced in Africa of Private Adams who came from Portage la Prairie.

London, March 9.—Despatches are arriving describing a rout by Lord Roberts of the Boers on Wednesday. One from Poplar Grove on Thursday says: "President Kruger, who is at present far in rear yesterday tried to stop retreating Boers who refused to stay. The Bloemfontein police tried to stop the retreat of the Free Staters, but they declared they were not willing to fight any longer and blamed Dr. Steyn, the president.

"Russian and Dutch military attachees arrived at the British camp yesterday."

London, March 9: The Daily News makes the following editorial announcement: "It was rumored in London yesterday, and we have some reason for believing that the rumor was correct, that the two African republics made informal and unofficial overtures for peace on the preceding day." Unfortunately the conditions suggested were of such a character as to preclude the possibility of them leading to any result. Terms which might have been gladly accepted before the war began in order to avert it, are impossible after the war with all the sacrifices it has entailed.

TELEGRAPHIC.

A $30,000 fire visited Lead, N. D.

Bubonic plague is diminishing in Honolulu.

Two miners were killed in a snow slide near Sandon, B. C.

Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Sifton left Ottawa for Europe yesterday.

A memorial service to Major Arnold will be held in Winnipeg on Sunday.

About 8,000 tons of coal, 19 miles from Dawson, are ready for the market.

Track laborers and sectionmen on G. T. R. will receive an increase in pay next month.

A respectful welcome is promised to Queen Victoria, on her visit to Ireland next month.

Gen. Pepin, former governor of Santa Domingo, has started a movement against the government.

Orders sent to Gen. Otis to send home all United States regulars he can spare from the Philippines.

Lord Salisbury in the house of Lords, publicly acknowledged his appreciation of Lord Pauncefote's services.

Most enthusiastic reception greeted Queen Victoria on her trip to London, 5,000 people surrounding the Palace.

Clifford Bennett has been arrested in Winnipeg on a charge of forgery alleged to have been committed at Wapella.

If Davidson is not elected in Beautiful Plains to-morrow, Hon. Hugh John Macdonald will make a general appeal to the country.

The redistribution bill, after amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper had been debated, was read a third time and passed by the house, government having a majority of 46. The vote on Tupper's amendment was; Yeas 45, nays 91. Puttes, Winnipeg, and other independent members voted with the government.

Provincial liberal executive of British Columbia passed a resolution opposing the present premiership. Vancouver liberals have endorsed Martin.

Black small pox is raging in Jonesville, Miss., nearly 100 deaths having occurred in six weeks.

The elevator commission has made its report to the Ottawa government and provides for a solution of the difficulties in connection with the shipment and transportation of western grain. Practically a complete freedom in the construction of flat warehouses is recommended. Hon. Clifford Sifton has prepared a bill in accordance with the report which will be carried through this session with such amendments as may be suggested in the interests of western farmers.

LOCAL.

—Seneca root is 37c a lb. in Winnipeg.

—Gus Doze, of Beaver Hills, is dangerously ill.

—Miss Lottie Mann, and Geo. Mann, came in from Victoria on Wednesday.

—G. W. Bradley is opening a barber shop two doors west of W. J. Walker's store.

—Hillier & Aldridge have taken possession of their new premises, Lauder's old stand.

—W. J. Grant, agent of the Hobbema Indian agency, came up Monday on a brief visit.

—Horace Gruner has taken over the lumber business of the Deering Implement Company at Edmonton, Alta.

—The Saturday Globe has an excellent photo-engraving of A. W. M. Campbell, formerly of Fort Saskatchewan.

—Father Lacombe has been telegraphed for to proceed to Europe at once on business pertaining to Northwest missions.

—C. St'Leger Strickland, who resided in Edmonton for some time last year, joined the Vernon, B. C., quota of Strathcona's Horse.

—Fur sales.—J. M. Swiggert, and party, Great Slave lake, to W. B. Stennett, $785.00; Dave Hawk, $161.00. Small lots $530.00.

—Rev Father Lacombe is preparing a book covering his long and varied experiences as a missionary among the Indians of the Northwest.

—On the 26th ult., at Fort Saskatchewan Donald Brown, of Edmonton, and Miss Mary Grout daughter of Malcolm Grout, of Edmonton, were united in marriage by Rev. D'Easum. The young couple will leave on Tuesday on an extended visit to friends in the east.

—Jas. A. Stovel, of Stovel & Strang, returned last night from a visit to the east. He went across the line and found the Americans greatly interested in the present South African war. The better class, and a majority of the other class of American citizens favored Great Britain. The minority were, however, very pro-Boer in their sentiments, some even going so far as to advocate a Fenian raid on Canada. In Toronto he saw the great Sir Henry Irving, but like many others found that an appreciation of his histrionic ability is an acquired taste. He was in Toronto when the news came of the relief of Ladysmith. The city celebrated in most enthusiastic style, the students being particularly demonstrative.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Carson, of the Sturgeon, returned from Winnipeg to Innisfail on yesterday's train, where they will visit friends for a few days.

—The Battleford Herald states that Father Lacombe's half-breed colony at Egg lake, Alta., is not prospering very much, there being only about 45 families in residence. Several have left, and others will leave in spring.

—Waghorn's Guide for March is out, and the time tables S. S. sailings, stage routes, post offices, &c., are all up-to-date. Among the new features of this Guide are the barristers lists of N. W. T., and Western Ontario and a new city map, showing electric car lines, and cab limits. The latter will be found very useful to strangers visiting Winnipeg.

—Sage & Forfar, of Red Deer, draw our attention to the fact that the two cars of stone brought in last week for the Strathcona Brewery Co's new malt house were not from Calgary as reported, but were from the Red Deer quarries. These quarries have only recently been opened up but already the stone has been proved equal if not superior to the Calgary product.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

Twenty horse power, wood-burning, traction engine. Prefer double and direct action and built expressly for plowing and seeding. Address

H. H. LAWRENCE & SONS,
3740 Vermillion, Peace River.

WANTED.

Good farm hand, able and willing to do all kinds of work connected with a farm. Must be trustworthy. Apply

W. F. LANGWORTHY,
3745 Box 16, Fort Saskatchewan.

Good Wood Wanted.

Five hundred cords of good, dry poplar wood in 16-foot lengths Apply to

P. ANDERSON,
38 Box 185, Edmonton.

North of Scotland Canadian
MORTGAGE CO.

Money to Lend

On Improved Farm Property in Alberta.

OSLER, HAMMOND & NANTON,
Winnipeg, Managers

C. S. LOTT, CALGARY,
District Appraiser for Alberta.

For application forms and information, call on

A. G. HARRISON, EDMONTON,
Next east McDougall & Secord's P.O. Box 234.

HUDSONS BAY COMPANY
INCORPORATED A.D. 1670

Can't help it—must have room for our new goods. That is why we are selling a lot of our present stock at much less than it's value.

We won't sell you anything you want at a reduced price; but if you happen to be able to use any of the things we have reduced in price, it will be money in your pocket to buy them now.

If you are likely to be in need of a nice dask cotton shirt waist for morning wear; it will pay you to buy while you can get one worth $1.25 for 75c.

It will pay you to buy a beautiful $12 or $13 Jacket for $7 or $8.

It will pay you to buy some of that beautiful fine 20c. American white cotton, slightly soiled, for 12c.

It will pay you to buy a twelve months' supply of dress goods and tweeds for your girls, at 30 or 40 per cent. under their value.

If you wear shirts, it will pay you to get one of those old reliable English $2 white dress shirts, which we are selling at $1 on account of being soiled.

When we cut, we cut deep.

HUDSON'S BAY STORES.

—By Monday's mail a letter was received by J. H. McDonald from W. L. Wilkin, of Strathcona's Horse, acknowledging receipt of the amount subscribed for the men before their departure. The fund provided each of the Edmonton men with $11.00.

BIRTHS

Quebec—At Clover Bar to-day, the wife of Henry M. Quebec, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

Stephens—On March 8th, by the Rev. H. A. Gray, John Stephens, of Clover Bar, to Lena Graham, also of Clover Bar.

$1000 Reward.

The above reward will be given to anyone who will restore Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke to her friends, or

$500.00 Reward

Will be given to any person or persons who will give satisfactory proof of her death.

Miss Maud Lilian Waldbrooke left the Red Deer Indian Industrial School on Sunday evening, Aug. 27th, 1899. She was about five feet four inches high, weighed about 135 pounds, dark complexion, age about 23 years but looked much older, had only been at the Industrial school ten days, and was not known in the neighborhood. When last seen had on a black dress; is supposed to have left the school wearing a white straw hat and a pair of bicycle boots.

Information to be sent to the undersigned.

C. E. SOMERSET,
Principal Industrial School, Red Deer, Alberta.

The Morinville Store

We have now opened for business with a complete stock of Groceries Edmonton prices. Live stock and all farm produce bought. Highest price paid for wheat and oats. Stopping place in connection. Telephone communication with St. Albert and Edmonton.

A. MARTIN & Co.

TEACHER WANTED.

For Spruce Grove School District No. 450. First or second class certificate preferred. Applications should be in by March 17th. Apply, stating salary expected, to

359 DAN. BROX, Spruce Grove, Alta.

J. T. BLOWEY

..Furniture..

Edmonton and Stratheona.

1000 Chairs just arrived which we will sell at 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c up to $25.



You cannot do without a Clothes Horse in the cold weather.

3 leaves, 4ft high, $1.25
3 leaves, 5ft high, $1.75

..J. T. BLOWEY.

Cure that Cold before it is Too Late

A neglected cold or cough may, and probably will kill the sufferer. You can cure it in a very short time by promptly using Graydon's Tar and Wild Cherry. It never fails to relieve in a very short time. It is compounded on honor, and sold upon our guaranty that every ingredient is pure and fresh. Is it right therefore to neglect it?

GEO. H. GRAYDON.

School Suits for Boys.

For years we have devoted our special attention to the Clothing needs of the Boys and Little Men. This department has so developed until we now show the largest and most complete range of Boys' Clothing in Edmonton.

Our School Suits are particularly adapted for the rough usage of the play ground, with short and long pants, single and double breasted, for boys of all ages, from $2.50 up to $6.00.

Then our Little Men's Suits are very cute, they fit so well and look so nice on the little fellows, pleasing the mothers and charming the boys. Price $1.25 to $5.00 each.

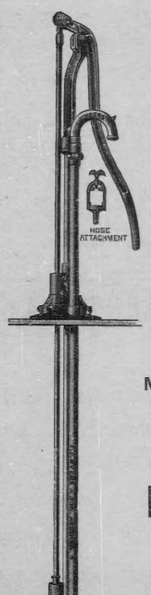
Come and bring the boys—we will do the rest.

W. T. Henry & Co.

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New Goods Largest Stock
Lowest Prices.



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"Alexander" and "Melotte"
Cream Separators.

Call and see the machines working.



FARMERS AND DAIRYMEN.

It has paid others, it will pay you.

Improved methods will bring improved prices.
TRY IT.

Myers' Pumps.

Most Water Least Work Least Money

There are others, but the Best are Myers'.

Barb Wire. Blue Stone.

Buy now and avoid the rush when the price is higher.

Cook Stoves & Ranges

Weigh Scales.

We have a few of those 1200 lb Scales left. Price $20.00.

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EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH 9TH., 1900.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS.

In the house of commons on Friday, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the war office had accepted the offer of Canada to garrison Halifax and that it was not the intention of the government to recall the military forces from Yukon before next spring.

Mr. Mulock moved the second reading of the redistribution bill, and there was a rather lively debate on it, although very little new matter came out.

Dr. Douglas introduced a bill to supervise and control the warehousing, inspection and weighing of grain in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. It was read a first time.

Major Beattie read from the press a statement that the British government had applied to Australia for more troops and that on Canada being asked for troops she replied that she could send 10,000. Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that he had answered the statement last night to the leader of the opposition. The answer he gave then was that there was no truth in the report.

Sir Charles Tupper suggested that the troops be withdrawn from Yukon. He was opposed to men being sent there in the first instance.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply, said that the presence of troops in the Yukon had a great deal to do with the peace and good order that existed there. Only half of the military force was withdrawn from Yukon last year, and when spring arrived he would be willing to consider the suggestion of withdrawing the remainder, but the present was not the proper time to do so.

Mr. Mulock moved the second reading of the redistribution bill. He explained that the bill was to do away with the wrongs that had been inflicted against the liberal party in 1882 and repeated in 1892. The present bill was a fair one, and ought to meet with the favorable consideration of the house. The two gerrymanders were unjust. The opposition would not repeat the charge this season that the judiciary commission to which would be referred the work of redistribution, would be partisan.

Sir Chas. Tupper said that his views of last year against the bill held good this year. He accused the government of bringing in a bill to assist in keeping them from being swept from power. He touched on the elections in Prince Edward Island, and then went westward to Manitoba to show that the government was losing the confidence of the country.

Mr. McMullen said that leaders of the opposition talked of the government not having the confidence of the people, but the bye-elections did not show this. Out of 45 bye-elections, the opposition only succeeded in carrying three of them. He proceeded to charge the leader of the opposition with unmanly conduct in his political fights. Sir Charles wanted to see his opponent tied up hands and feet, and then he ordered the duel to proceed. Never Sir Charles got back to power he would be expected to bring in a bill to do away with the ten commandments. Take the ninth commandment, and did not the leader of the opposition bear false witness against the liberals on every platform in the country?

Sir Chas. Tupper characterized the statement as disgraceful, and asked that it be withdrawn.

Mr. Wallace asked that Mr. McMullen's statement be withdrawn and at Mr. Speaker's request Mr. McMullen withdrew. Mr. Foster, however, got very angry and said that the language of Mr. McMullen was blackguardly and that no one but a blackguard would use such statement.

Mr. Foster claimed that the passing of such a bill on the eve of a general election was a dangerous principle, and therefore he moved the six months' hoist. The debate was continued by Messrs. Davies, Patterson, Semgile, Henderson, Macdonald, McInerney and John McMillan. Mr. Ellis said that as this bill committed an unfair injustice to his constituency he would vote for the six months' hoist.

The amendment was lost on the division and the house adjourned. The redistribution bill was read a second time.

IN THE SENATE.

In the senate to-day Sir Mackenzie Bowell took exception to the submission to English counsel of the question respecting the senate's position in regard to the redistribution bill. There were no returns of the fees paid.

Senator Mills said that no bill had been presented and he was of the opinion that the solicitor-general paid for the opinions himself.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell replied that the case was not submitted in accordance with the facts.

When the Senate resumed sittings on Mar. 1st, after vacation, Hon. David Mills introduced the subject of the Transvaal war, saying:

"When the senate rose much anxiety was felt on the outlook in South Africa, as there was a powerful combination making ready for aggressive action on British soil. We all felt it could only end one way, yet the courageous enemy had an opportunity of inflicting serious damage to British authority in South Africa. The British authorities had risen to the occasion as was expected. If they met with reverses it was only to make them put forth more effort. To-day the prospect was brighter. Within a few days Kimberley had been relieved and within the past few hours they learned that Ladysmith was also relieved and the force so long shut up was at liberty to assist in further operations." He was pleased to say that Canada had taken great interest in this matter. He alluded to the great forbearance of Great Britain in regard to the treatment of the Uitlanders. He said that forbearance had been carried too far, and instead of the Boers having been allowed to commence hostilities, Great Britain should have. It had served, however, to make the wrong more glaring. British soldiers alone did not march to the relief of these places, Canadians also responded, and the result of this would be to strengthen the bonds between Canada and the mother land. The expenditure made by Canada in this behalf was as profitable investment as she ever made. He was pleased to see Canada showing such bravery, to see her sons there, and although some had lost their lives and would be seen no more on this side of the grave, their spirit would embue the youth of the country. He regretted to note that the son of the speaker of the senate was among the wounded. He rejoiced that it was only a slight wound and hoped he would live to return and receive the honors the country would pour on him. No settlement could be made which did not acknowledge British supremacy.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell rejoiced in the position taken by Senator Mills and would re-echo his sentiments. He rejoiced more because Canadian boys had played so important a part in securing that which had been so long attempted. When the wires flashed the news of the dash and rush of the Canadians they all rejoiced. The part Canada had played was great and though the money expenditure was small, they all regretted that some had lost their lives and hoped that those in the hospitals would live to return in good health. He felt that their contrariety of interest on a foreign shore would prevent the return of the suspicions of yesterday. He believed the result would be to knit more closely all languages and all creeds, in every part of the Empire. They should not only be prepared to spend any amount of money but to offer their lives in defence of the empire, for the empire meant civil and religious liberty throughout the world.

PAYMENT OF SCRIP.

Final arrangements have been made for dealing with the claims of half-breeds. In order to secure despatch two commissions have been formed, one to cover Saskatchewan and the other Assiniboia and Alberta. Mr. J. A. J. McKenna, one of the commissioners who made treaty with the Indians of the north last summer, and Major Walker, of Calgary, will be the half-breed commissioners for Assiniboia and Alberta. They have been empowered to deal with the claims of half-breeds born in the organized Territories between the 15th July, 1870 and the end of the year 1885 and with claims which may be preferred by representatives of those born within that period and since deceased. As previously mentioned in a telegraphic despatch to the Bulletin, the commissioners will be at the undermentioned places in Alberta about the dates stated:

Lethbridge, 19th June.
MacLeod, 21st June.
Pincher Creek, 25th June.
Calgary, 30th June.
Lacombe, 5th July.
Wetaskiwin, 10th July.
Duhamel, 11th July.
Edmonton, 17th July.
St. Albert, 23rd July.
Lac Ste. Anne, 7th August.
Fort Saskatchewan, 18th August.
Victoria, 23rd, August.
Lac la Biche, 3rd Sept.
Athabasca Landing, 21st Sept.
Edmonton, 27th Sept.

EDMONTON EXPORTS.

Following is a list of the February exports from the Edmonton district, leaving Strathcona:

Oats, 47 cars.
Wheat, 7 cars,
Millstuff, 5 cars.
Coal, 3 cars.
Horses, 2 cars.
Cattle, 2 cars.
Flour, 1 car.
Wood, 1 car.
Dressed hogs, 1 car.

Small lots:

Oats,	2,000 lbs.
Fish,	850 lbs.
Hides and fur,	10,010 lbs.
Dressed meats,	35,250 lbs.
Beer,	2,780 lbs.
Millstuff,	7,210 lbs.
Flour,	2,200 lbs.

THE CANADIANS AT PAARDEBERG.

The Standard's correspondent says that the Canadians at Paardeberg on Tuesday advanced in two long lines, the front rank with fixed bayonets, the rear rank with their rifles slung, carrying picks and spades to dig trenches under cover of darkness. The Canadians advanced a quarter of a mile in dead silence, then halted, the order being sent along the ranks for each man to press the hand of his neighbor. It is believed that trenches were actually being dug when the men were ordered to advance another five paces.

A fearful fusilade at once broke out from the Boer lines. The Canadians threw themselves on their faces, and made no attempt to return the fire. Three minutes later, under orders, they returned to their original position, rapidly and silently, no shot being fired. The Boers were unable to place their enemy. But for the great intensity of the enemy's fire the Canadians would have entered the Boer trenches. As it was they combined gallantry with implicit obedience. The Boers aimed too high to do much damage, but that does not lessen the credit due our men for their great self control.

The Times' correspondent says great credit is due the Canadians, in that, despite the hottest fire, there was no answering rifle fire. The whole camp rejoices that our oldest colony wiped out the stain of Majuba.

Lord Roberts expresses his pleasure in the strongest terms. The Mail and Telegraph correspondents confirm the magnificent coolness of Canadians' behaviour.

IMPERIAL REPRESENTATION.

London, Feb. 27.—The danger to the British empire, growing out of the South African war, and the loyalty with which the colonies have rallied to the support of the mother country seem to have done more for Imperial federation than was accomplished by all the fine words of the days of the Queen's jubilee. Some means of bringing colonial statesmen into the British councils the Westminister Gazette now declares, is necessary for the safety of all concerned. "We could not deny, for instance," this article goes on to say, "that if the Canadians were to call on Great Britain to espouse with vigor the various causes against the United States, they would have an especial claim by reason of the loyal assistance they have rendered in South Africa. It seems to us that with the spread of the idea of imperial obligations, it is becoming a very important question whether the colonists should not be made to share in the responsibility for imperial policies and performances."

GRAIN MARKETS.

Commercial.

Wheat—The local market has for the most part been quite lifeless, and very little business has been done. The lack of demand and the difficulty of figuring out any profit prevents shippers and exporters coming into the market. Holders on the other hand are not disposed to sell at present values, preferring to hold in hope of better prices later. In the forepart of the week 1 hard spot Fort William sold at 65c, but in the latter part 64 1-2 to 64 3-4c has been the outside value with buyers very scarce. May delivery is worth 2 1-2c over spot. Two hard and 1 northern are 2 1-2 under 1 hard.

Oats—Receipts have increased a little and there is a slightly easier feeling, although prices remain the same as last week. There has been some demand for oats for seed purposes, but as the Manitoba crop of last year showed much better quality than the previous one the regular No. 2 grade is good enough for seed. This quality is obtainable in most districts so that there will not be much demand for seed from outside points. Carlots of oats at country points are worth from 25 to 26c. On track Winnipeg prices are: No. 2 white, 32 to 33c; and No. 2 mixed, 31 to 32c.

Barley—Deliveries are light and there is a good demand for both malting and feed at from 30 to 35c in carlots on track.

FOR SALE.

Seven roomed brick veneered house, centrally located, at a bargain.

T. A. STEPHEN,
Real Estate Agent, EDMONTON.

Boilers and Engines for Sale.

Two Boilers and Engines—one 30h.p. Boiler and 20h.p. Engine; the other 18h.p. Boiler and 12h.p. Engine.

For further particulars address Box 175, Edmonton. 44

Help Wanted.

Man and wife, without incumbrance, to assist on farm. Both must be familiar with farm work, and woman able to milk. Ontario people preferred. Enquire at Bulletin office. tfc

W. H. Cushing & Co.

..EDMONTON..

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Windows, Doors, Mouldings

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FIELD Varieties of all kinds including both GRAIN and GRASS.

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Send for our Catalogue which will be mailed to you as soon as issued.

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First-class front offices in the Humberstone Block, in suite or separate. Enquire at

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Bulls for Sale.

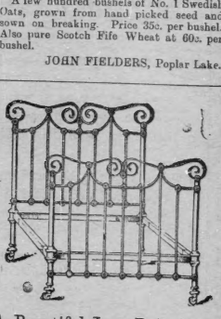
Two Registered Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls, one eleven and the other sixteen months old. May be seen at Spruce Grove P. O., where any information concerning same may be had. Apply to

JNO. A. McPHERSON,
38 Spruce Grove, Alta.

Seed Oats for Sale.

A few hundred bushels of No. 1 Swedish Oats, grown from hand picked seed and sown on breaking. Price 35c. per bushel. Also pure Scotch Fife Wheat at 60c. per bushel.

JOHN FIELDERS, Poplar Lake.



A Beautiful Iron Bed Only $5.50

The coming Bed for Alberta. It will pay you to buy Iron Beds because they are stronger, cleaner and nices than any other bed made. The cost is very little more than a wooden one and you get ten times the wear. We have just unloaded a carload of Iron and Brass Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Give us a call. We have the latest designs and best beds. Over twenty kinds to choose from.

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UPHOLSTERING, PICTURE FRAMING, AND UNDERTAKING.

Our New Goods

FOR

Spring and Winter Wear

HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

There is no need to send away from home for a Neat or Stylish Suit. We can compete in Price, Style and Workmanship with any eastern firm. Try us. Don't send your orders away. Patronize home industry and be convinced. Our new lines of Scotch Tweeds, Serges, Cheviots, Clay Worsteds and full line of Pantings are worthy of inspection.

PROCTOR & SAIGEON,
IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK.

Notice re School Taxes.

Unless all arrears of Taxes in Bellrose School District No. 6 are paid within thirty days from February 15th, 1900, action to recover the same as provided by law will be taken.

JOHN HAROLD, Jr.,
3140 Sec'y-Treas., Edmonton.

$15.00 REWARD.

Three horses lost about July 1st from J. C. C. Bremner's pasture, Clover Bar.

Brown colt 6 years old, weight about 1,100lbs.

Bay horse five years old, white face and white feet, weight about 1,000 lbs.

Light bay colt, four years old, star in forehead weight about 1,200 lbs.

All three branded with * on left cheek.

Above reward will be paid to any person returning the same to

21f * J. C. C. BREMNER, Clover Bar

War In China...

Is now on, day and evening, at Macdonald's Pharmacy.

Great Slaughter of Chinese

And Japanese fine ware, Cups, Saucers, Plates and Tea Sets, Salad dishes, etc., etc.

Souvenir Chinaware, Cups, Plates, Saucers, Creams, etc., with view of Old Fort Edmonton in 1860.

MACDONALD'S
PHARMACY.

GENERAL PURPOSE

MARES

A car-load—all mated—to arrive this week also 50 others now in our stables.

FOR SALE AT

Larose & Starret's Stables
..STRATHCONA..

ROBERT HOCKLEY,
Barber and Tobacconist

Is showing the best assorted line of R.B.B. (own make) PIPES ever presented here.

Just arrived the PERIQUE TOBACCO at HOCKLEY'S, opposite the Bulletin Block.

Key Stones
Tombstones
Window Sills . . .
Cement Cisterns . .
Granolithic Walks

And all kinds of Cement Work made on the shortest notice at

EDMONTON GRANOLITHIC WORKS.
Opposite Gariepy & Chenier's, Edmonton.

..EDMONTON..

Cartage Company

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

...TRANSIENT TEAMING...

Any goods consigned to our care will receive prompt attention.

M. McCAULEY, Proprietor.
P. O. Box 194. Telephone 39.



J. B. MERCER.

..THE BEST ASSORTMENT.. —OF— Xmas. Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

EDMONTON

..MACHINE SHOP.

I have taken over the business formerly conducted by Stapley & Brewster, and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work on engines and farm and other machinery. Blacksmith and Wood-working shop in connection. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. A. BREWSTER,
Stapley & Brewster's old stand, Edmonton

Dowling Milling Co

[LIMITED].

Our Mill, just completed, is equipped with the most approved and up-to-date machinery, consequently our brands of Flour are the best value, and give the utmost satisfaction. A trial of them will convince the purchaser that it is to his interest to buy none other.

..BRANDS..

"BEST PATENT"
"STRONG BAKERS"
"GOLDEN HARVEST"
"WHITE CLOVER".

Bran, Shorts and Feed constantly on hand. Grinding and Chopping done on short notice.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat.

Correspondence as to quotations, etc., will be promptly answered.

EDMONTON, - ALBERTA.

Telephone connection.

Gallagher-Hull

Meat & Packing

COMPANY (Limited).

Dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

HOGS,
CATTLE
AND SHEEP.

Chickens, Turkeys, and all Game in season.

Special attention given to local trade.

Hides Bought and Sold.

Canadian Pacific

..RAILWAY..

Excursion rates to all Winter Resorts.

Pacific Coast, California, Hawaian Islands, Japan, the Bermudas and the West India Islands.

Quickest and Best Train Service to the East and West.

The only direct service to the Kootenay.

Tourist Car Service to Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, Seattle and San Francisco.

For information and full particulars apply to nearest agent or address

WM. STITT, A. G. P. A. Winnipeg.
C. E. McPHERSON, G. P. A., Winnipeg

Stirring War Times.

You all want the latest and fullest war news. You will find it in the Winnipeg Tribune. Special arrangements have been completed by The Tribune to secure the fullest and most reliable news from the seat of war in South Africa.

If you get your mail even two or three times a week, The Daily Tribune will be found of great interest.

Don't forget that it is mailed to any address for 35c per month, or $1 for 3 months.

The Weekly Tribune

the great family newspaper and farmers' friend—16 pages, 112 columns of reading matter each issue—is mailed from now to January 1, 1901, for

Only One Dollar.

It contains the complete war news of the week.

The local general elections of Manitoba are at hand. The Dominion elections may not be very far away. Don't be misled with garbled political reports. Subscribe for the Tribune, which publishes the actual facts and allows the people to judge for themselves. Address all orders to

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO., Winnipeg.

THE ESTIMATES

Ottawa, March 2.

The main estimates for the year ending June 30th, 1901, are down. The total is $10,068,397, against a total of $51,116,874 for the current year. The apparent decrease is $2,048,482, but as the supplementary estimates necessarily contain provision for almost all new expenditures it is more than likely that when they come down the figures of last year's estimates will be nearly reached. A leading and very satisfactory feature of the estimates from a Northwest point of view is the substantial increase in the grant to the Northwest government. The total increase over the grant for the current year is $142,000, of which $50,000 is an increase in the ordinary general grant for government purposes and $92,000 to enable them to restore public works destroyed by the floods of last summer. While ostensibly the grant of $92,000 is made to repair damage done by the floods of last season it is more than likely that really it is intended to enable the local government to assume the construction of a heavier and more important class of public works,—particularly bridge works—than they have hitherto been able to undertake. The Dominion government is desirious of reducing as far as possible their active responsibility for public works in the Territories, except as to buildings for Dominion purposes and works of the most important character believing that the more intimate connection of the local legislature and government with these requirements gives them an advantage in dealing with them in the public interest. As long as they maintain a proportionate liberality there need be no objection to that position from a Northwest point of view. The greater the responsibility allowed to the local resources that must be placed at its disposal to meet the responsibility.

The total grant to the Northwest government is $429,859, against $357,859 for the current year. The increase is in the items mentioned. All other items are last year's figures.

There is no change from the current year in the votes for dairying and cold storage; $30,000 is provided for advances on the manufacture and sale of butter and cheese, $70,000 is provided for cold storage on railways and steamboats.

The immigration vote has been increased by $34,500. It is $395,000 against $360,509 for the current year. Of the total amount $110,000 is for salaries of agents and $ 83,000 for contingencies and general expenses. The salary list shows an increase of $10,000, and the contingencies of $24,000.

Under quarantine there is a vote of $15,000 for "compensation for slaughter of hogs and sheep and all other expenses connected therewith," against $ 0,000 for the same purpose for the current year. And there is $20,000 "Towards the prevention of the spread of tuberculosis in cattle throughout the Dominion," against $15,000 for the current year.

A sum of $2,000 appears as "Aid to the Northwest Territory government towards the construction of a bridge at Pace's Crossing of the Belly river on the trail from Macleod to the boundary, $3,000 was voted for the same purpose for the current year.

Indian annuities in Manitoba and the Northwest are increased by $5,920, no doubt the result of the Athabasca treaty. There is an increase of $3,166 for clothing as well.

The Yukon figures to the extent of $1,042,500. Of this amount $500,000 is for mounted police, the same as the current year. Post offices $125,000 against $38,870 this year, customs $31,000, the same as this year, and salaries and expenses of administration $25,000 an increase of $22,800 over this year. This increase includes $1,000 as the salary of an additional judge, $11,000 of an increase in miscellaneous expenses in connection with the administration of justice and an increase of $5,000 in the cost of maintenance of prisoners in the Yukon. In the cost of militia in the Yukon there is a decrease from $125,000 to $30,000.

The survey of the boundary between the Yukon Territory and British Columbia from Teslin lake to the Agsek river is provided for by a vote of $14,000.

A somewhat remarkable item appearing under the head of miscellaneous is $10,000, "To provide for the relief of distressed persons in the Northwest Territories." It is not generally known that there is any distress amongst the people of the Northwest Territories at the present time, unless it be amongst the Doukhobors or Galicians who are here or are expected to arrive during the coming season. There certainly should have been some explanation accompanying the item, as it has a most undesirable and misleading tendency as it stands.

Another somewhat peculiar item is one of $20,000 as "Expenses of relief Party and furnishing provisions to distressed people along the Liard and Peace rivers," $25,000 was voted at last session for this purpose. Possibly the amount was not expended—or if expended has not yet been paid by the government—and the present item is a revote. If the meaning is that $45,000 was expended on the so-called relief expedition of last spring the relief business, is a most profitable industry.

As the government business now occupies three days in the week, and as the two million dollar vote for the contingents was passed last night without amendment, it is likely that the discussion of the estimates will proceed briskly.

TO TAX C. P. R. LANDS.

In view of the recent discovery that there is some doubt as to the termination of the C. P. R. land exemption, which was popularly supposed to end in 1881., Mr. Richardson has introduced the following bill into parliament:

An act respecting the land grant of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Whereas clause 16 of the contract between Her Majesty and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, ratified by the parliament of Canada, on the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one and set out in the schedule to Chapter 1 of the statutes of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, provides as follows:—"The Canadian Pacific Railway, and all stations and station grounds, workshops, buildings, yards and other property, rolling stock and appurtenances required and used for the construction and working thereof, and the capital stock of the company, shall be forever free from taxation by the Dominion, or by any province hereafter established, or by any municipal corporation therein; and the lands of the company, in the Northwest Territories, until they are either sold or occupied, shall also be free from such taxation for twenty years after the grant thereof from the Crown;"

And whereas, in answer to an interpellation in parliament on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred as to the date of termination of the said period of exemption from taxation, it was stated on behalf of the government that: "This is a matter of legal opinion, which, if disputed, can only be settled by a judicial decision;"

And whereas it appears, from the debates which occurred when the said contract was before parliament, that the exemption was intended to cover a period of not more than twenty years for the uses of the company;

And whereas progress in the Northwest is enormously handicapped by the exemption from taxation of so vast a quantity of land as has been set apart for the company, and would be seriously paralysed should the tax exemption be indefinitely continued, and it is consequently desirable that any doubts which may exist with regard to the date of the termination of that exemption as indicated by the reply of the government quoted above, should be removed... Therefor Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the senate and house of Commons of Canada declares and enacts as follows ...—

Clause 16 of the contract mentioned in the preamble, between Her Majesty and the Canadian Pacific railway company, is hereby interpreted to mean that the period of exemption from taxation of the said land grant, shall terminate twenty years from the time on which it was earned by the company and made available for its uses as provided in paragraph (b) of clause 9 of the said contract, as follows: "Upon the construction of any portion of the railway hereby contracted for not less than twenty miles in length, and the completion thereof so as to admit of the running of the regular trains thereon, the government shall pay and grant to the company the money and land subsidies applicable thereto, according to the division and appropriation thereof made as hereinbefore provided."

BRITISH COLUMBIA POLITICS.

The closing of the last session of the British Columbia legislature was one which has seldom been equalled in Canadian politics, either in intensity of excitement or the violence of its expressions. After the reading of prayers and before the regular business of the day could be introduced Mr. Prentice moved the following resolution: "That this house has no confidence in the hon. third member for Vancouver City, Mr. Joseph Martin, who has been called in by the Lieut.-Governor to form a government." The house waived the rule that such motions require two days notice, and, on the motion being put it was carried amid much excitement. During the discussion following, it was announced that the Lieut.-Governor waited admittance. As His Honor entered and advanced to the throne, a majority of the members, left the house. Mr. Martin and the speaker remained and to the few remaining members the prorogation speech was addressed. After His Honor's withdrawal the members returned to the chamber and passed votes of congratulation to Her Majesty, Gen. Buller and the Earl of Dundonald, dispersing with the singing of the national anthem. At a meeting of the late government party the next morning, C. A. Semlin resigned the leadership and F. L. Carter-Cotton was chosen by some of the members to lead the party.

$1,000 REWARD.

Notice is given through advertisement in another column by Mr. C. E. Somerset, principal of the Industrial school, at Red Deer, Alberta, that $1,000 reward will be given to anyone who will restore Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke to her friends, or $500 reward will be given to any person or persons who will give satisfactory proof of her death.

Miss Maud Lillian Waldbrooke left the Red Deer Indian Industrial school on Sunday evening, August 27, 1899; she was about 5 feet 4 inches high, weighing about 135 pounds, dark complexion, age about 23 years, but looked much older, had only been at the Industrial school ten days, and was not known in the neighborhood; when last seen she had on a black dress and is supposed to have left the school wearing a white straw hat and a pair of

OUR DEAD

Our sons have put to the stern proof of death.
Their loyal love. What, mother would'st thou more?
Facing the fury of war's deadly breath,
They fell as bravely as their sires of yore.

With fearless steps they sought the fronting tide;
With fearless front they faced the common foe;
Like veterans they stood, like veterans, died.
And not in vain did their brave life-streams flow.

We grudge thee not our noble dead, altho',
Each shaft that slew with lightning motion sped,
Beyond its goal, and struck a two-fold blow—!
The dead, and the dark home of that dear dead.

But now to one sad chord our pulses move.
We mourn together o'er one common grave;
Yet, mother, well we know thou shalt not prove,
Forgetful of the precious gifts we gave.

J. C. M. Duncan, in Montreal Witness.

Railway Time Table.

EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAINS.

INCOMING.

Mondays and Fridays:

Leave Calgary at	8 a. m.
Arrive at	5 p. m.
Tuesdays and Thursdays:	
Leave Calgary at	7.30 a. m.
Arrive at	7 p. m.

OUTGOING.

Tuesdays and Saturdays:

Leave Strathcona at	8;30 a. m.
Arrive at Calgary at	5 p. m.
Wednesdays and Fridays;	
Leave Strathcona at	7;30 a. m.
Arrive at Calgary	7 p. m.

All trains carry passengers, mail and express. Tuesday and Wednesday trains carry only a lock bag, and no way mail is taken for points between Calgary and Edmonton.

PRIVATE BILL.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories at the next session thereof for an Ordinance to incorporate the "Edmonton Public Hospital."

The object for which the said incorporation is sought is to carry on the work of a Public or General Hospital and that the said Corporation shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and by the name of the "Edmonton Public Hospital" may from time to time and at all times purchase, acquire, receive, accept, build, hold, possess and enjoy any lands, tenements and hereditaments and real and movable property and estate within the Territories, together with such grants, devices, gifts and bequests as may be made by and received from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, the Territorial Government or any other corporation, person or persons whatsoever for the sole use and benefit of the said hospital.

Dated at Edmonton, in the District of Alberta this Sixth day of February, A. D., 1900.

TAYLOR & BOYLE,
Solicitors for Applicants.

CHURCHES.

ANGLICAN "ALL SAINTS,"

Services, Sunday 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.

Holy Communion, 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month at 11 a. m.; and 2nd and 4th Sundays at 8:30 a. m.

Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Litany and address.

All seats free.

HY. ALLEN GRAY, M.A., Rector.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Sundays—First mass at 8, high mass at 10:30. Sunday school 3 p.m. Vespers and benediction at 7 p. m.

Week services—Benediction every Thursday night at 7:30.

FATHER LEDUC, P.P.
FATHER JAN, A. P.P.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Sabbath services at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.

Wednesday evening, Prayer Meeting at 8 o'clock.

D. G. McQUEEN, Minister.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Sabbath services at 11 a.m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Wednesday evening, Prayer Meet-at 8 p. m.

C. B. FREEMAN, Pastor.

GERMAN BAPTIST CHURCH.

Services each Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, in the old Methodist Church. Sunday school at 6:30 each Sunday evening.

ABRAHAM HAGER, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Fellowship at 12:30 a. m.

Sabbath school and Bible Class at 3 p. m.

Epworth league on Tuesday evening.

All seats free. Everybody welcome.

T. C. BUCHANAN, Pastor.

MUSIC

Mr. Vernon Barford (Organist of All Saints' Edmonton) is prepared to give lessons on Piano or Organ to pupils of both junior and senior grades Lessons given at pupil's residence. Engagements for Concerts and Dances accepted.

For terms, address at Edmonton P. O. 2331

IF YOU BUY

BOOTS AND SHOES

You must buy them right as to Quality and Price. This can only be done by buying from

J. H. MORRIS & Co.

Our stock of Boots and Shoes is the largest and best assorted in Town.

OUR MOTTO IS: QUALITY the BEST, PRICES the LOWEST

J. H. MORRIS & CO.

CALL AT . . .

E. RAYMER'S

Where you will find a complete stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Silverware, etc. at prices to suit everybody. Novelties made from Saskatchewan Gold.

E. RAYMER,
Watchmaker & Jeweler.

Repairing a special feature and all work guaranteed.

..PONDER ON THIS..

"You Can't Prey and Pray".

You can't be t consistent church member and trade horses on Sunday. Nei her can you be consistently successful and rob your pocket by buying poor goods for more than they're worth.

Therefore, Buy Everything You Can ..FROM..

LARUE & PICARD,

GENERAL MERCHANTS, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

LAND AND MONEY SCRIP FOR SALE.

For best values in Dry-Goods, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Ready-to-wear Garments,

PEOPLE GO TO

CLOSSON & WOOD'S

YOU CAN'T MISS IT.

Right Opposite the Jacques Cartier Bank.

—ASK FOR—

EDDY'S

House, Horse, Scrub and Stove

BRUSHES

THE MOST DURABLE ON THE MARKET.

THE E. B. EDDY CO. LIMITED, HULL

TEES & PERSSE, Agents, Winnipeg. 93m6

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th day of March, 1900, at noon, for the purchase of the following:

1. Poplar Lake Skimming Station building.
2. Sturgeon Skimming Station building.
3. Sturgeon Ice House.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. RUTHERFORD,
Sec'y-Treas. Edmonton District Butter and Cheese Mfg. Association, Ltd.

Strathcona, Feb. 14th, 1900.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Northwest Territories at its next session by and on behalf of Joseph Eugene Laurencelle, bank manager, James Ross, merchant; Stanislas LaRue, merchant of Edmonton, Alberta N. W. T., in the said Northwest Territories, and of Louis Zephirin Mathieu, contractor, and Louis Arthur Bouvier, gentlemen, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and such other persons as shall become associated with them for an act of incorporation under the name of "THE PROVIDENT TRUST & INVESTMENT COMPANY" more specially for the purposes of executing the offices of executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, assignee, and carrying on a general trust, deposit agency, loan and guarantee business with a place of business in the town of Edmonton, in the said Northwest Territories.

Edmonton, February 1st, 1900.

G. H. L. BOSSANGE

Books and Stationery

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ALL ABOUT THE WAR.

....ILLUSTRATED WEEKLIES....

WALL PAPER, ETC.

YOU HAVE THE WRONG BOOK if you haven't THE AUTHENTIC LIFE OF D. L. MOODY. by REV. J. WILBUR CHAPMAN, D. D., Dr. R. M. Wharton and other most intimate friends and co-workers of Mr. Moody, say of Dr. Chapman: "Of all men in the world I should select you first to write the life of our dear friend, Mr. Moody." Hundreds of agents write us every day: "HAVE PROSPECTUS FOR ANOTHER LIFE OF MR. MOODY, BUT PREFER DR. CHAPMAN'S TO ANY OTHER; WILL TRANSFER ORDERS TO YOURS." MR. MOODY'S SON WRITES DR. CHAPMAN: "I KNOW OF NO ONE WHO COULD WRITE WITH A BETTER APPRECIATION OF MY FATHER'S LIFE THAN YOU." Over 500 pages; magnificently illustrated with exclusive photographs. IF YOU ARE WISE, you will send at once 20 cents to pay postage, on FREE OUTFIT, HIGHEST COMMISSION; credit given; freight paid. JOHN C. WINSTON & CO., Bay and Richmond Streets, Toronto, Ont.

D. R. Fraser & Co

EDMONTON SAW MILLS

Manufacturers and Dealers in

ROUGH and DRESSED LUMBER.

A complete assortment of British Columbia Fir and Cedar Lumber, Shingles, Lath and Mouldings.

Doors and Windows always on hand.

NOTICE.

It having been made to appear to me that Certificate of Title No. 69 V, issued to W. K. Hovden, and covering the N. E. ¼ of Sec. 24, Tp. 56, Rge. 19, west 4 th. has been lost, I hereby give notice that I will on the 20th day of March next to be issued to the said W. K. Hovden a duplicate Certificate of Title for the land mentioned.

GEO. TOBY, Registrar.

Edmonton, Feb. 23rd, 1900. 33-39

The "Sylvester"

..COMES AT LAST.

Just arrived a carload of

Sylvester Shoe Drills and Machinery.

The Sylvester leads them all in Manitoba and will in Edmonton. Call and see them.

J. S. WALSH, V. S., Agent.

Back of Massey-Harris, Edmonton.

LEGAL.

I. S. COWAN, ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC. Office over Banque Jacques Cartier, Edmonton

BOWN & ROBERTSON, Barristers, etc., Bulletin Block.

J. C. F. BOWN. HARRY H. ROBERTSON.

TAYLOR & BOYLE, Barristers, Advocates, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Offices, Imperial Bank Block, Edmonton, and the Walker Block, Strathcona.

H. C. TAYLOR, M. A., LL. J. F. BOYLE.

Company and Private Funds to Lend.

BECK & EMERY, ADVOCATES, NOTARIES &c., EDMONTON, ALBERTA, N. W. Solicitors for Imperial Bank of Canada

N. D. BECK, Q. C. E. C. EMERY

Company and private funds to lend.

P. L. McNAMARA, Advocate, Notary, Etc. Office over McLeod's Block, Main St., Edmonton, N.W.T. Solicitor for La Banque Jacques Cartier

SHORT & CROSS,

ADVOCATES, NOTARIES, Etc.

Offices, Imperial Block, Edmonton, Alberta. Company and Private Funds to loan. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada

WM. SHORT. C. W. CROSS.

MEDICAL.

J. D. HARRISON, M.D., C. M. Office and residence two doors west of Imperial Bank, Edmonton.

E. A. BRAITHWAITE M. D. Office at Residence, Third street, south of new H. B. Store. Telephone connections.

P. AYLES, M. D., C. M., McGill University, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, etc. Office and residence, Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta.

T. H. WHITELAW, B. A., M. B.

Graduate in Arts and Medicine, Toronto University. Member of college Physicians and Surgeons, Ont. Office at residence, opposite Baptist Church, in rear of Massey-Harris Implement Warerooms. Office hours for consultation, 9 to 10 30 a. m., 1.30 to 3 p. m., 7.30 to 9 p. m. Night bell, side entrance. Telephone No. 13.

P. ROY, M. D.

Office opposite Massey Harris, Jasper avenue. Office hours, 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone 35.

HOTELS.

ALBERTA HOTEL, Edmonton.—The above well known Hotel having been recently enlarged and improved, now under the management of Jackson & Grierson, is prepared to offer the best accommodation to visitors and the public generally. Table unsurpassed. Good sample rooms. Livery in connection. Bus meets all trains.

JACKSON & GRIERSON, Props.

JASPER HOUSE, south side of Main street. The only brick hotel in Edmonton. The largest house in Northern Alberta. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Commodious sample rooms in connection Also first-class livery and feed stable.

J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

GRAND CENTRAL, south side of Jasper avenue opposite Imperial Bank. First class in all respects. German, French and English spoken Livery, feed and sale stable in connection.

MATZ & MULLER, Proprietors.

WINDSOR HOTEL, St. ALBERT.

Refitted throughout. Best wines, liquors and cigars. First class accommodation for travellers. Ample room in connection.

85m3 L. COUTURE, Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL, Red Deer, near the C. P. R. Depot. Trains wait for dinner. Good sample rooms. STEPHEN WILSON, Proprietor.

RANCH

BEAVER LAKE STOCK RANCH, ROBERT LOGAN Proprietor. Constantly on hand and for sale Horses, Cattle and sheep. Prices to suit purchaser Also—Seed oats, barley and potatoes.

Cattle brand—"Horseshoe" on rump.
Horse brand—"R. L." on left shoulder.

ARCHITECTS.

EDMISTON & JOHNSON,

Architects, Draughtsmen, and valuators

OFFICE—Imperial Bank building.

W. S. EDMISTON. H. D. JOHNSON

Architect and Valuator. Architect

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ARCHITECT, CIVIL ENGINEER.

Designs, specifications, Estimates, Valuations, Supervision of all kinds of Structures.

Office—Heimlick Block, opposite Post Office.

AUCTIONEER.

W. S. ROBERTSON

AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR.

TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION. SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Country sales attended to. Charges moderate.

BUILDING.

JAS. McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and Doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Office and shop Junction Jasper avenue and Main street. P. O. Box 11. JAMES McDONALD.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY.)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription $1.00 per Year
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Transient advertisements: Five lines and under, three insertions and under, $1.00, or ten cents a line first insertion and five cents a line each week or part of week after.

Standing advertisements: $1.00 an inch per month.

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Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost, Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under 25c. for one insertion, and a cent a word for each word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH 9TH, 1900

PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, March 1, 1900.

Parliament has been in session a full month and notwithstanding the shortness of the discussion on the address no very great progress has been made. The debate on the two million dollar war vote replaced that on the address, and after the first day or two dragged along wearily enough. This debate has, however, only occupied two days in each week, the other three working days having been devoted to resolutions and bills introduced by private members. Some very important subjects have been dealt with and freely discussed, including the question of grain transportation from the west to the sea board; taxation of railway lands in the Northwest; the appointment of a railway commission; the Yukon policy of the government and particularly the ten per cent royalty, as well as a number of questions of lesser importance but of greater personal importance, such as the retirement of General Hutton from command of the Canadian militia.

Grain transportation was dealt with strictly from an eastern point of view. The question was how best to divert the grain which now finds its outlet by New York to Montreal. It was generally conceded that the enlargement of the canals, now completed, was not enough to ensure this, owing to the low rate at which present railroad conditions permitted of grain being carried from Buffalo to New York. It was held by some that improved rail communication between Georgian Bay ports and Montreal and improved port and elevator facilities at both ends, was the best solution. Others still pinned their faith to the canals and demanded the establishment of a great port of transhipment at the Lake Erie end of the Welland canal; so that the huge grain carrying vessels of the upper lakes could there tranship their cargoes to vessels not too large to go through the large canals. This would put the Canadian canal route very much on all fours with the Erie canal route. Transhipment would be at Port Colborne instead of Buffalo. The distance to Montreal is less than to New York, and the Canadian canals being much larger, and in short links, could be navigated much more cheaply then the Erie canal, which is only an exaggerated ditch. Still others put forward the advantages of the proposed Ottawa river canal which is to connect by way of Lake Nipessing and French river with Georgian Bay. The weak side of the case of this or any other canal proposition is that the results expected to be attained by the deepening of the St. Lawrence canals have not been attained. The dream of vessels loading at Fort William and discharging at Montreal or even Liverpool is not to be attained. Not because it cannot be done—for now it can be done; but because it would not transit (where there is competition) in improvement and cheapening of grain transhipment; and increase in the capacity of the grain carrying vessels on the great lakes makes it more profitable to load a very large vessel at Fort William, transfer her cargo at Owen Sound, Parry Sound or Midland to the railway, and again load on to an ocean liner at Montreal, than to load a small sized vessel at Fort William and take her through the lakes and canals to Montreal without transhipment. The tremendous cheapening of the cost of transport on the great lakes has revolutionized the conditions of a few years ago. Although the fight is about the transport of Northwest grain by the construction of immense vessels the Northwest can afford to sit back and let the champions of the several routes fight it out. Once the grain is at Fort William there is free and open competition for its transport, and the direct interest which the West has in the several routes is as to which will carry it the cheapest. It is the transportation question west of Fort William that is of interest to western people and in that feature of the question eastern people evince very little interest.

The desirability of rendering railway land in the Northwest liable to taxation was brought up by Mr. Oliver on a resolution, and was supported by Messrs. Douglas, Davis, Richardson, Sproule and others. The minister of interior on behalf of the government accepted the resolution and said that patents would be issued to the railway companies for their lands as quickly as possible, so that they might become liable to taxation. The position is that the railway companies have had the land allotted to them to a very large extent and exercise all the rights of ownership, but as patents have not been issued the lands technically remain in the hands of the crown, and therefore cannot be sold for taxes. The case of the railways dealt with in the resolution is not like that of the C. P. R. to which exemption from taxation for a term of years was granted. They had no exemption by-law, but have engaged an exemption in fact.

A motion by Mr. Davis for the appointment of railway commission was discussed at some length and is not yet concluded. The purpose of the proposed commission would be to prevent the railway companies from taking individuals, communities and industries by the throat, as they do at present; compelling them to deal on equal terms with all persons, sections and classes. The great advantage of such a commission in the West would be that it would to some extent stand in the place of competition,—which at present does not seem to be within measureable reach; and in any case is liable to be superseded on short notice by combination. Of course a commission would not go to the root of the railway difficulty. It would only be a levelling process. The great difficulty is the overbonding of the roads, whereby, liabilities are incurred without value being received, which can only be met by high rates. When the charters are being granted is the time to deal with the railway problem. Once rights are acquired under charter, regulations can only be superficial,—while it still may be very necessary and beneficial.

On Monday last Sir Charles Tupper attacked the question of the government's Yukon policy, particularly that part providing for a ten per cent royalty. He mentioned the large exodus now going on from Dawson to Cape Nome, and drew the inference that the rush was not due more to the attractions of Nome than to the disadvantages of Dawson, caused by improper administration and injudicious regulations. He did not confine himself to the subject and closed with a violent declaration as to the loss of prestige of the minister of interior in the West as shown by the Manitoba elections.

Hon. Mr. Sifton made a calm argumentative reply. He defended the policy of the crown taking all claims upon which the duties had not been fulfilled, on the ground that by their doing so claim jumping was discouraged and litigation avoided. Claims so reverting to the crown were disposed of by auction at Dawson to the highest bidder. On the subject of the ten per cent royalty he said the government was considering the question of reducing it, and had always been ready to consider that question, but could not so announce, as that would have seriously increased the difficulty of collection. He admitted a very considerable decrease of the population of Dawson, but denied that it was an exodus of miners. The output of the mines for the current season would be greater than in any former season and was estimated at $15,000,000.

Hon. Mr. Sifton left on Tuesday for Brandon and it is announced that he will leave for England on March 10th, to get specialist treatment for his hearing which is failing. The date of his return is of course indefinite. During his absence the interior department will be administered by Hon. James Sutherland, member of the cabinet without portfolio.

COST OF THE CONTINGENTS.

The minister of militia has laid on the table of parliament a detailed statement of the cost of the two contingents to South Africa. The total amount estimated as required is $1,859,653, but the government is taking a vote for the round two millions, in order to provide for unforeseen items. The pay list will be $59,647.24 for the first contingent, $85,835.10 for the Canadian mounted rifles, and $59,602.67 for the Royal Canadian artillery, these two together forming the second contingent. The horses purchased cost $163,350. Transportation by sea came to $557,221 and transportation to points of embarkation $94,250. Separation allowances to wives of non-commissioned officers and men will total $12,600. The allowances to officers for outfit are: 45 officers first contingent, at $125, total $5,625; 60 officers second contingent, at $150, total $9,000; four nurses second contingent, at $30, total $120, making in all $14,745 allowed to officers and nurses for outfit. The cost of clothing is: First contingent, $50,744, and second contingent, $36,077; rifles, revolvers, ammunition, tents, etc., $50,291 first contingent and $411,887.60 second contingent. Sundry articles of equipment are down at $50,000. This makes $1,699,653.61 required to fit out the two forces and keep them going to June 30th, 1900. A further amount of $160,000 is put down as sufficient to pay the bill until December 31st, 1900. These two amounts make up the grand total of $1,859,653.60.

SALE OF SWINE

The department of agriculture at Regina has received information from the Ontario government to the effect that the purchase of the boars and sows to be offered for sale by public auction at various points along the Calgary & Edmonton railway in Northern and Southern Alberta, under the auspices of the Territorial government, is progressing rapidly. A very superior grade of animals are being procured and it is anticipated that the shipment will reach Alberta towards the end of the present month, so that the sales may be held between the 1st and the 15th of April. The final dates and places of sale will be advertised as soon as it is possible to fix them definitely.

You Save Money
AT THE
SIGN OF THE

STOVEL & STRANG HARDWARE

The cold season has now arrived. Prudent buyers are now selecting their Heating and Cook Stoves. Call and examine our lines in

Stewart's "Good Cheer"
McClary's "Famous"
AND Gurney's "Oxford".

Wood and Coal Cooks, Cast and Steel Ranges and Heaters, all styles and patterns. See our

"Agricultural Furnaces"
With Coal Grate. Something new in this section.



..WE HANDLE..

McDougall's CELEBRATED Iron Pumps
And carry the largest stock west of Winnipeg.

You have the benefit of thirty years' experience in the Stove and Hardware trade when you deal with

STOVEL & STRANG,
Phone 66. Corner Main and Queen Streets

For the Best Goods at Lowest Prices
..GO DIRECT TO THE..

.Manchester House.
(ESTABLISHED 1896)
The Great Bargain Centre of Edmonton

SPECIAL SNAP IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

Serges in all Popular Shades, 25c. per yard.
Black Figured Goods (Special) 30c. per yard.
Good Ginghams, 7c. per yard.
Flannelettes, 20 yards for $1.00.
Flannelette Blankets (11/4) $1.00 per pair.
Large Range of Corsets, 50c. and upwards.
Handkerchiefs (Plain and Fancy) 2 for 5c., 5c., and 3 for 10c., etc.
Ladies' Silk Gloves, all shades, 32 in. Special. 75c

Agent for the Delineator Co. A full supply of Butterick's Patterns kept on hand.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

Edmonton Real Estate Exchange.

Farms and Town Lots bought and sold.
MONEY TO LOAN
On easy terms by the North of Scotland Canadian Mortgage Co., Ltd

Fire, Life, Accident and Guarantee Insurance

Deggendorfer & Harrison,
Civil Engineers & Architects
Plans, Specifications, Reports, Estimates, Valuations on all kinds of structural work. Water Supply, Sewerage, Drainage. Economic Location of Railways, Mines and Land Surveys.
Corner First and Main Streets, Edmonton.
P. O. Box 234.
F. DEGGENDORFER. A. G. HARRISON.

Surveys, Valuations and Estimates made

Any Business placed in our hands will receive prompt and careful attention. Correspondence solicited. On hand Maps and Plans of the Town and District.

Edmonton Bulletin, Semi-weekly $1

What's the Use of Advertising?

Why do you Spend Money in it?

You advertise to attract business.

You attract business by attracting attention to your business. By getting your business before the public, so that those who want what you have got will come to you for it.

Any means of getting your business before the public is advertising. The question is what is the cheapest and most effective means.

Probably the most striking example of the results of judicious advertising is the success of the departmental stores. This success could not be achieved except by advertising: and it could not be achieved except by newspaper advertising. By no other means could the attractions of these stores be brought before such a wide and distant circle of customers as by newspaper advertising.

The value of a newspaper as a means of advertising depends upon its circulation coupled with its standing with the community. A newspaper without standing, which does not itself attract attention and inspire confidence, is little or no better than a poster or circular which is thrown aside as soon as its nature is discovered. While a newspaper which does arouse the interest and inspire the confidence of the public is read and re-read, and passed from hand to hand for weeks after it reaches the subscriber.

The BULLETIN is read more widely throughout the Edmonton district than any other newspaper. An advertisement in the columns of the BULLETIN is the best value that can be got for the money in reaching the people of the district.

The value of an advertisement is not in the space which it occupies so much as in the circulation which it receives. Ten inches of space in a paper of 500 circulation is not nearly as good value to the advertiser as five inches of space in a paper having 1000 circulation.

Advertising space $1.00 an inch per month Change as often as you please.

THE ONLY SON.
(Henry Newbolt)

O bitter wind towards the sunset blowing,
What of the dales to-night?
In yonder gray old hall what fires are glowing,
What ring of feast light?

"In the great window as the day was dwindling,
I saw an old man stand;
His head was proudly held and his eyes kindling,
But the list shook in his hand."

O wind of twilight, was there no word uttered,
No sound of joy or wail?
"A great fight and a good death,' he muttered,
"Trust him he would not fail."

What of the chamber dark where she was lying
For whom all life is done?
"Within her heart she rocks a dead child, crying
"My son, my little son.'"

WAR NOTES.

Cronje reaches Cape Town.

The following special cable is published in the London Daily Telegraph: Modder river, Feb. 28.—A scene of great interest took place this morning when Gen. Cronje, accompanied by his wife, arrived here under escort of fifty men of the City Imperial Volunteers. The Kaffirs cheered, but there was no demonstration by the troops. Gen. Cronje and his wife lunched at a local hotel and late in the afternoon travelled by special train to Cape Town, under a guard provided by the Royal Artillery and Royal North Lancers. The regiment presented arms, the bugles sounded and there was a general salute. Cronje and his wife looked profoundly miserable the former walking to the train as if to the scaffold. The exact number of prisoners taken at the surrender of Cronje's force was 4,300.

Orange River, March 1.—Gen. Cronje and his wife passed here last night en route to Cape Town. Elaborate precautions had been taken to prevent the public from seeing him. Even the officers were ordered off the station and the refreshment room was kept closed before his arrival to the discomfort of the Kimberley passengers, who were obliged to go foodless. Cronje looks dejected and miserable, and is much grayer. He entered the refreshment room, accompanied by his wife, son and interpreter, and Gen. Prettyman, and his staff. Taking his seat at a table, Cronje covered his face with his hands for a few moments as he engaged in prayer.

Cape Town, March 2.—Gen. Cronje was immediately escorted on board the British second class cruiser Doris. There was no demonstration.

Parade of captured Boers.

All the prisoners were paraded at Paardeberg on the 29th They extended in a long trailing line like a serpent across the plain and as far as possible were arranged in commandos. The Free Staters were kept separate from the Transvaalers. The look upon the faces of the men, as they passed, made it impossible to arrive at any other conclusion than that they were all overjoyed at their release from the daily hell of shell and shot which they had been experiencing lately. Many did not even take the trouble to conceal their delight from the soldiers guarding them. They chatted freely with this guard, regarding the different battles in which they had fought All of the prisoners have an intense admiration for the bravery and pluck of the Highlanders, and they freely confess that they are incapable of the dash and go and pluck of the British. Some of the sick prisoners have given vivid descriptions of Gen. Cronje's night march. It began in a panic and terrible confusion prevailed throughout. The huge wagons crowded the narrow road, there was utter lack of order, and desertions were numerous. From them also were learned the details of the Boer commissariat. The Boer rations consisted of one pound and a half of fresh meat daily, and one pound and a half of coffee, three pounds of sugar, and five pounds of flour per man weekly. Every man who was off duty visited the Boer laager yesterday, and the crowd of curious Tommies spent the day in searching every nook or corner. What might prove useful to the army had been secured and the soldiers were allowed to take whatever they liked.

Supplies for Ladysmith.

A despatch from Buller was received at the war office Friday last announcing that seventy-three wagon loads of supplies have entered Ladysmith, the first eleven wagons containing hospital comforts.

A severe blow.

Boer prisoners all regard the blow through the capture of Cronje, as severer than it is regarded by the British. Gen. Cronje's aide de camp stated that he believed the Free State would continue to fight as long as the Transvaal wished. On the other hand many Free Staters are anxiously asking for copies of Lord Roberts' proclamation.

What Wilkinson says.

Spencer Wilkinson in the Morning Post, says: "Lord Roberts has taken the true measure of the Boers, and thereby has shown his mastery of what Napoleon called 'The Divine art of war.' No doubt the chapter of British reverses is now closed. He would be a bold strategist who could now offer to the Boer leaders a plan of campaign promising ultimate success. Lord Roberts will soon have a force of 60,000. The Boers commander-in-chief can now hope for but little from strategy. On his interior lines he is not strong enough while contending with one British army, to strike with effect against the other. He may possibly attempt to hold General Buller at the passes leading out of Natal, where a small force, at some risk to itself, can cause considerable delay."

Before the relief.

Gen. Buller reported from Colenso on the 28th that the Boers lost heavily during the preceding days fighting. The lyddite wrought fearful havoc in the trenches. Many of the wounded were yellow from the effects of the fumes. Over 100 prisoners were taken. Many of them were Hollanders, and a few were genuine Boers. Considerable ammunition for rifles fell into the hands of the British, as well as a damaged Maxim gun. Boers of 16 years were among the wounded. The prisoners had not heard of the surrender of General Cronje, and discredited it. The majority seemed to be glad to be captured. They admit heavy losses recently. The women remained with the Boers in the trenches until three hours before the British charged. Two women were found, one dead and the other fatally wounded. She has since died. She said her husband would not let her leave the trenches she was such a good shot. This woman was only 19 years old. An idea of the intensity of the shell fire can be gathered from the fact that of the 95 guns in action, the 19th battery alone fired 794 rounds, firing every ten seconds. The British casualties were about 200 men.

To check Roberts.

Osfontein, near Paardeberg, March 2.—The Boers have now been definitely located four miles from the British front, their left resting on a high kopje and their right on the river. The burgher force is estimated to number between 5,000 and 6,000.

The response of Paris to the British successes of Tuesday and Wednesday is a public subscription for swords of honor, to be presented to Gen. Cronje and Col. Villebous-Mareuil, the French artillery officer, who is believed here to be the controlling spirit, in the Ladysmith campaign.

President Kruger is said to have left Pretoria with the intention of meeting President Steyn. The place where they will meet is not mentioned but it is believed to be somewhere in the Orange Free State.

At Osfontein.

Osfontein, March 1, 6:25 p. m.—The camp has been advanced 5 miles. A heavy rain is falling and the grass on the veldt is improving. Osfontein is not marked on any available military map of the Orange Free State, but has been mentioned as being east of Paardeberg on the road to Bloemfontein.

General French's cavalry have been engaged by a Boer force east of Paardeberg.

No official news of Lord Roberts' movements have been given out at the war office, but it is stated in the press despatches that he was marching on Bloemfontein. He is believed to have some 40,000 men of all arms and 100 guns. It will take at least 3 days to reach the Free State capital, but it is not expected that a battle on a large scale will occur before Wynburg is reached, another two days' march. At that point there are 30,000 Boers under General Joubert.

Blockade to Buller.

Part of the Boer army will guard the passes to Drakensberg to prevent General Buller's troops breaking through from Natal. A brigade of General Kelly-Kenny's brigade has been sent to strengthen General Roberts' communication. The south movement of General French's column is believed to be arranged to clean out Boer commandoes which might threaten General Roberts vanguard.

CANADA'S LOSSES IN AFRICA.

On Wednesday Feb. 21st, on the opening of the days sittings of parliament the following allusions were made to the losses suffered by the Canadian contingent in the battle at Paardeberg on Sunday the 18th.

The Prime Minister (Sir Wilfrid Laurier). It may not be out of place that we should interrupt at this moment the regular course of business to give a moment's attention to the news from Africa to-day. The news we have received is of a character at once to cheer and sadden our hearts. It is cheering in this respect, that it brings the announcement that our Canadian troops in the field have received their baptism of fire, and have supported the ordeal in a manner creditable to themselves and their country. The telegraphic message gives no details whatever of the engagement still we know by the number of casualties which have taken place that our men have died at their post and that their courage has been equal to what was expected of them. But this is the saddening part of it. Such is the awful character of war, that its triumphs are always mixed with tears, and however much we can rejoice at the victories achieved by the British arms, victories in which our fellow-countrymen are taking their part, still the announcement is saddened by the fact that twenty of our countrymen have lost their lives and sixty-nine are now lying between life and death. The announcement is such as to, if that were possible, still more confirm us in our resolve of doing our full duty in the present emergency. We can do nothing at present to solace those families which are bereaved, but we can assure them—and this I am sure we do with all our hearts—that their loss is not their own exclusively, but is also ours and our country's.

Sir Charles Tupper. I desire to associate myself in the warmest manner in the extremely appropriate words that have just fallen from the right hon. leader of the House. He has truly said that the triumphs of war can only be achieved in connection with that sadder fate that involves men's lives and carries pain and suffering into the households of a great many of our people. The Canadian contingent, who have realized on the field that which Canada expected from them, who have discharged their duty nobly and faithfully, who have fallen in a cause we believe to be a righteous one, have conferred not only undying fame and honor upon themselves, but that same honor and fame upon our country which sent them there. I am sure that every member of this House will extend his most heartfelt sympathy to the relatives and friends of those who have fallen, and to those, who, still living, are in a situation calling for our sympathy. The joy over the great news that has gladdened every portion of the empire, the news of the success attending British arms in the relief of Kimberley, and the relief of Ladysmith, together with the prospect of more decisive measures, calculated to bring this war to an end at no distant day, will be accompanied with a feeling of the deepest sympathy and commiseration for the friends of those who have fallen and those who have suffered on the field of battle in the glorious struggle they have made on behalf of their country. I would only suggest to my right hon. friend, that a message reflecting the universal sympathy of this House and the people of this country whom we represent, should be sent to Colonel Otter as a solace to the wounded who are now suffering.

The Prime Minister. I shall have much pleasure in preparing a telegram of the tenor suggested, which I shall show to my hon. friend.

GENERAL NEWS.

Lord Strathcona has cabled the minister of militia asking that he may be furnished with photos of the officers and men constituting the two Canadian contingents. Friends of the men are requested to send photos to the militia department, Ottawa, postage free. The photos, are probably for use in the English illustrated papers.

At a meeting held at Dawson on the 12th, a resolution was passed asking that Dawson be allowed to immediately elect two representative members to the Yukon council. A committee was also appointed to prepare a petition to the Dominion government asking that the Yukon be given representation in the federal house.

The post office department has authorized the opening of a post office in North Victoria county to be known as Buller and the name of Upper Thorne Centre near Cologne has been changed to Ladysmith, taking effect on the day of the relief of General Sir George White's headquarters in South Africa. Another Ladysmith may be opened in Western Ontario and a third in British Columbia.

The following circular has been sent out from the postoffice department: Postmasters are hereby informed that letters coming from the Canadian troops serving in South Africa addressed to their friends in this country the postage on which is either wholly unpaid or insufficiently paid may be delivered to the addresses without collection of the deficient postage. The consent of the Imperial government and of Cape Colony to this arrangement, having been obtained.

The admiralty's programme of naval construction for the coming year is regarded generally as a comparatively modest one. It is proposed to lay down within the twelve months fifteen fighting vessels, among them two battleships, six armored cruisers of the first class and one of the second class, in all to spend £1,000,000 more than last year. It is said the limits of possible construction in government and private yards has been reached and some of the London newspapers are urging that in view of the vigor with which the great powers are augmenting their navies prompt steps should be taken by Great Britain to increase the capacity of its dockyards and engineering works.

The departure of Lumsden's Horse to South Africa was a brilliant event. Immense crowds assembled to bid the troops farewell. The docks were profusely decorated, and the highest officials were present, the viceroy and Lady Curzon arriving in state. Lady Curzon received a royal welcome. In his farewell speech the viceroy said: "You go as the tide of fortune seems to have turned in our favor. May it carry you on its crest to Pretoria."

WANTED!
FARMS TO RENT
For the coming season by a number of my correspondents in the United States.
Send description and rent required to
ISAAC COWIE, Edmonton.

ISAAC COWIE
Removed from Bulletin Block to new offices, over
Gariepy & Brousseau's Store,
Opposite Imperial Bank.
Town Property, Farms and Wild Lands for sale.
Fire and Accident Insurance.
Land and Money Scrips.
80 acre and 160 acre Land Scrips for sale at $2.00 per acre
Money Scrip in denominations of $160 and $80 for sale at 75c on the dollar Smaller denominations of any amounts required at 80c on the dollar.
Parties having to pay for government land can, by using these scrips, save from 20% to 33 1-3%.
ISAAC COWIE, Edmonton.

Seeds
—AT—
EDMONTON
Seed Store
Fresh Bulk Garden, Field and Flower Seeds.
Brome Grass, Timothy and Clover.
OUR Seed Stock will arrive next week, all fresh and adapted to this climate, carefully selected by the oldest gardener in the Edmonton district, and purchased from the most reliable seed firms in Canada.
OUR facilities for handling Seeds will commend itself to all who give us a trial order.
OUR Seeds are true to name and none but the best handled.
Farm produce taken in exchange.
Potter & MacDougall,
Opposite McCauley's Livery.
Clearing out Dry-Goods at Cost.

Coal for Cash
Telephone
WM HUMBERSTONE.

EMPLOYMENT
..BUREAU..
Messrs. McDonald & Cooper have opened an agency next door to the Bulletin office. Parties seeking situations or in need of employees, will do well to call. 81tf

REMOVAL.
F. FITZGERALD,
TOBACCO MERCHANT,
Will remove on or about 1st March to
Imperial Bank Block.

Upper Canada Bible Society
Bibles and Testaments in Cree, English, French, Russian, Polish and Germanor sale at G. H. L. Boesange's, Agent, from 20c. upwards.

Notice to Creditors
—OF—
JUST JENSEN, late of Duhamel, Alberta, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Rouleau, dated at Red Deer, February 20th, A. D. 1900, that the creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named JUST JENSEN, are to send in their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims, together with a statement of the securities (if any) held by them, verying the same by statutory declaration, and the names and addresses of their Advocates (if any) to JUDITH JENSEN, of Duhamel aforesaid, Administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, on or before the 20 h day of March, A. D. 1900.

And take notice that after the expiration of the time aforesaid the said Administratrix will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, against the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she has then notice.

Dated at Edmonton this 23rd day of February, A. D. 1900.

C. deW. MACDONALD,
Advocate for the Administratrix.

First publication of this notice the 16th day of February, 1900. 3438

Edmonton Steam Dye Works
F. MAYERHOFER, Proprietor.
Clothes, Blankets, Hats and Neckties cleaned and made to look as good as new. All kinds of cloth dyed.
Works near Electric Light Engine House.

Sash and Door
..FACTORY..
Cedar Sash and Doors, Frames, Moulding and Turned Work.
W. H. CLARK, Main Street.
Next to Massey-Harris Co

Scrip. $100 FOR $75
You can save 25 per cent. by paying for your land in Scrip instead of Cash. Write for particulars.
SCRIP for SALE.
McDOUGALL & SECORD,
EDMONTON, - - - ALBERTA.

All Come.
The new firm, Gariepy & Brosseau has decided to make a
..SPECIAL SALE..
Up to January 1st, and for this event they they invite all their customers to pay them a visit.
A carload of selected Winter Apples in stock.
GARIEPY & BROSSEAU.
J. H. GARIEPY. E. BROSSEAU.

..STOVEWOOD..
10 to 16 inches, $1.25 to $1.75 a cord delivered.
E. LYONS & Co.
Opposite Curling Rink.

ISAAC COWIE,
Fire, Grain, Accident & Sickness
INSURANCE.
Real Estate in Town and Country.
MINES.



WM. LOCKHART,
UNDERTAKER.
COFFINS, AND CASKETS, ALL STYLES, MADE AT EASTERN PRICES.
All kinds of Funeral Furnishings
Third Street, - Edmonton
South of Hudson's Bay Store.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

	From Portland.	From Halifax
Cambroman (Dominion)	Mar. 14 direct.	
Numidian (Allan)	Mar. 28 direct.	
Californian (Allan)	Mar. 31	April 1
Dominion (Dominion)	April 13	April 14
	From St. John	
Aruba (Beaver)	Mar. 20.	Mar. 21

First Cabin, $55 and upwards. Second Cabin, Steerage, $22.50 and $23.50.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

Apply to the nearest steamship or railway ticket agent, or to

WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent, Winnipeg.
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REAL ESTATE
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AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR.
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F. A. FRINGS, Edmonton.

Fort Saskatchewan
MILLING COMPANY.
BRANDS:
"Alberta Patent"
"Alberta Strong Bakers'
"Our Daily Bread"
"X X"
Wholesale Orders a specialty.
Traders would do well to enquire for prices before purchasing elsewhere. Once used always used. More bread to the sack than any other Flour manufactured in Alberta
FORT SASKATCHEWAN AND STURGEON MILLS
Post Office—Fort Saskatchewan
Merchants and Traders supplied from Wholesale Depot at Edmonton. All brands in stock.
W. S. ROBERTSON, Agent.

NOTICE.
We understand that flour has been offered for sale in unbranded sacks, and represented as the product of our mill, and we wish to warn the public that we will be responsible for neither the quantity or quality of any flour claimed to be our product unless in sacks branded with our trade mark.
FORT SASKATCHEWAN MILLING CO

IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA.
Capital Authorized, - $2,000,000 00
Capital Paid Up, - - $2,011,064 00
Rest, - - - - - $1,011,062 00
DIRECTORS
H. S Howland, President. T. H. Merrick, Vice-Pres
Wm. Ramsay, Robt. Jaffray,
T. Sutherland Stayner. Elias Rogers. Wm. Hendrie
HEAD OFFICE, - - TORONTO, ONT.
D. R. Wilkie, General Manager. E. Hay, Inspector
BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.
Essex, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines
Fergus, Port Colborne, Welland,
Galt, Rat Portage, Woodstock,
Ingersoll, Sault Ste. Marie St. Thomas,
Hamilton, Listowel, St. Thomas (East End)
Toronto { Wellington St. East Yonge and Queen Sts. Yonge and Bloor Sts. King and York Sts. Montreal, Que.
BRANCHES IN THE NORTHWEST AND BRITISH COLUMBIA
Brandon, Man Portage la Prairie, Man
Calgary, Alta. Prince Albert, Sask
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Golden, B. C. Strathcona, Alta.
Nelson, B. C. Vancouver B. C.
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AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN—Lloyd's Bank, Ltd 72 Lombard St., London, with whom money may be deposited for transfer by letter or cable to any part of Canada.
AGENTS IN UNITED STATES—New York, Bank of Montreal and Bank of America; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo; Boston, National Bank of the Commonwealth; Chicago, First National Bank, Union National Bank; Detroit, Detroit National Bank Duluth, First National Bank, American Exchange Bank; Philadelphia, Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank; St. Paul, Second National Bank Minneapolis, Northwestern National Bank; San Francisco, Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank; Portland Oregon, Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank.
EDMONTON BRANCH.
DRAFTS SOLD, available at all points in Canada United States and Europe.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in any part of the world.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed.
DEBENTURES—Municipal and other Debentures purchased.
GOLD AMALGAM purchased.
G. R. F. KIRKPATRICK, Manager.

TOWN LOTS
In the vicinity of Stations on the Calgary & Edmonton Railway
..FOR SALE..
Apply to C. S. LOTT, Calgary,
H. WILSON, South Edmonton, or
OSLER, HAMMOND & NANTON, Winnipeg.

WANTED TO RENT.
For one or two years, 100 acres of improved land anywhere along the line of railway between Calgary and Edmonton or within ten miles of Edmonton. Enquire of Edmonton BULLETIN. 38

TEACHER WANTED
For White Public School District No. 816. First or second class certificate. Duties to commence on or about the 1st of March. Apply, stating salary, to
3430 J. E. AYLWIN, Sec'y. Holbrook, Alta.

..STRATHCONA..
Brewing & Malting
COMPANY.
P. O. Box 192, Strathcona. Telephone connection.
Manufacturers of the now celebrated
XXX Porter and Ale and Lager Beer.
Bottled, or in cask or keg.
Family trade solicited, and delivery free.
AGENTS—The following are sole agents: Edmonton, James Goodridge of the Queen's Hotel, Fort Saskatchewan, Neville White of the Queen's Hotel, from whom any Porter or Lager can be purchased at the same price as at the Brewery. Kegs must be returned when empty to the agent from whom they came. Any person or persons selling our kegs or defacing name on same in any way will be prosecuted.
us up at any time with order.
ROBERT OCHSNER, Proprietor

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
—TO—
Teachers and School Boards

For some years certain irresponsible Teachers' Agencies have been reaping rich harvests at the expense of teachers and school districts. To counteract this evil, the North-West Teachers' Association appointed the following committee of Public School Principals, who, without any fee, will endeavor to bring School Boards into communication with duly qualified teachers:

D. S. MACKENZIE, Strathcona, Alta.
A. M. FENWICK, M.A., Moose Jaw, Assa.
C. NEVINS, B. A., Prince Albert, Sask.
C. H. CLARKSON, Macleod, Alta.
J. F. MIDDLEMISS, Wolseley, Assa., (Chairman).
28ap6

TO RENT.
About the 25th October, the Main street building now occupied by Potter & MacDougall as a store and auction rooms. For terms and particulars apply to
D. R. FRASER
or SHORT & CROSS,
Edmonton. 94

GEO. T. BRAGG,
Agent C.P.R. Lands
Fire, Accident, Plate Glass and Guarantee Insurance
Remington Type Writers and supplies.
Office next to Macdonald's Drug Store.

Hislop & Nagle,
Traders and General Merchants, Fort Resolution and Fort Rae, Great Slave Lake.
Branches at Providence, Norman and Nelson.
JAMES HISLOP. EDMUND NAGLE.

The Reason
Total Abstainers
Kick against Whiskey is because they have never tried ours.
Try It.
We keep only the best.
A. CRISTALL,
WHOLESALE
LIQUORS

TOWN COUNCIL.

At the regular meeting Tuesday night all were present except Coun. Strang.

Application of Jas. McDonald for position of building inspector under the new fire by-law was acknowledged and laid on the table.

Letter of P.D. Campbell, resigning his position as constable on the 1st of April, was accepted. It was decided to advertise for applicants for the vacancy.

W. A. Brewster wrote in the matter of the municipal bonus which the town offers for the establishment of a machine shop, stating that he is now in a position to deal with the town in the matter. Mr. Brewster was requested to meet the council at its next regular meeting, Tuesday 13th.

Jas. Grieve, Saginaw, Mich., by letter strongly recommended Wm. Lambert, of Reed City, Mich., as a competent woollen miller, and advised the council to accept Mr. Lambert's proposals to transfer his woollen mill here.

A report was read from medical health officer, Dr. Braithwaite, reporting a case of destitution. The matter was referred to the health and relief committee with power to act.

Another report from the medical health officer was read, as to the sewerage of the hospital, making several recommendations from a sanitary point of view. Referred to health and relief committee with instructions to report next meeting.

W. E. H. Stokes was given permission to canvass for "The Story of South Africa."

The matter of the procuring of a market site having come up a motion was passed: "That the combined hall and market and finance committees endeavor to obtain an option for the purchase of lots from Morrel and Autheman and in conjunction with the solicitor, complete the business by preparing a market site by-law."

The secretary-treasurer made the following statement of last years permanent improvements:

Ross Grade	$1,702.00
McDougall street and road to ferry	9.50
River frontage	365.00
Nuisance ground	225.00
	$2,242.00
Local improvements: total	$1,064.38

Instructions were given to the secretary-treasurer to make a number of correcting entries in town account books to close out books for '96 '97 and '98.

Accounts as follows were passed:

Electric light company	$81.90
F. M. Gray,	1.50
Edmonton Bulletin.	1.25
Edmonton Post.	1.00
C. P. R. Telegraphs,	1.69
Ed. Lyons,	7.85
Total,	$95.19

SUPREME COURT.

Regina vs. Wainwright was concluded on Monday. The action was one of assault and creating a disturbance, brought against the Wainwright family, of Strathcona, on the information of one Robt. Jones. The evidence went to show that the two daughters of Mr. Wainwright by way of administering a rebuke to Mr. Jones' son, William, for certain remarks which he was accused of making, attacked him with whips one Sunday morning last fall while he was getting a pail of water from the well. In following up the attack they entered the Jones' house, with other members of their family, six in all, and continued the alleged assault and disturbance The two daughters of Mr. Wainwright were found guilty of common assault and fined $5.00 each or two days imprisonment. The fine was paid. C. deW. MacDonald, crown prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, and Nelson D. Mills, of Strathcona, acted for the accused. One of the features of the case was the able defence put up by Mr. Mills, who has only lately started in practice.

On Tuesday Regina vs. Williamson, inciting to murder, came up for hearing. In October last, according to the indictment, Williamson incited Miles Norris to enter his father's house, a few miles from Edmonton, and threaten the life of the housekeeper. A number of shots from a revolver were fired by Norris, near and in the house. After the evidence of the witnesses for the crown had been heard the case was dismissed, the jury being instructed by the judge to bring in a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was thereupon discharged with a warning, and the jury dismissed. C. deW. MacDonald for the prosecution, C. W. Cross for accused. The jury was: T. Bolton, W. E. H. Stokes, J. Peacock, W. Durrant, R. McIntyre and John Cameron.

The case of assault with intent to do grevious bodily harm, preferred against T. W. Lines, M. McIntyre, W. M. Hill and Geo. Thomson, by W. McCully, all of Strathcona, came up Tuesday.

The accused are charged with having entered McCully's store, Strathcona, on the 13th of January last, and assaulted him, after first locking the door. McCully claimed that a table leg was used on him, but the defence admit having used no other weapons than rawhides. The castigation was administered to McCully as a punishment for slanderous stories which he had circulated about a number of ladies of Strathcona. The evidence of McCully was taken as to the extent of his injuries, Dr. Archibald gave evidence on the same point. J. H. D. Benson testified as to hearing the noise next door at the time the assault took place, and another clerk in the Imperial bank, Hamilton, and C. E. Tighe, photographer, whose studio was upstairs, gave evidence in the same regard. The defence did not call any witnesses. In the judges address he stated that although the defendants were guilty of a breach of the peace they had great provocation. He was not not prepared to accept the evidence of the complainant in its entirety. He characterized McCully as a "Slander Monger," and stated that the names of women should receive protection instead of slander. The case was concluded on Thursday morning. The defendants were found not guilty on the charge of assault with intent to do grevious bodily harm but fined $25 each for common assault. C. deW. MacDonald prosecuted, and N. D. Beck, Q. C., and J. R. Boyle, Strathcona, defended the accused.

FIRE BY-LAW.

The municipal council, as a committee of the whole, considered and finally passed on Wednesday night a by-law to amend and consolidate as amended, certain by-laws relating to the prevention of fires.

Four fire limits were delineated, to be known as fire limits A, B, C, and D. Each of the limits abut on and run back to a depth of 150 feet on either side of Jasper avenue or Main street.

Limit A extends from Nemao avenue to Fraser avenue.

Limit B from the westerly boundary of limit A to McDougall street.

Limit C from the westerly boundary of limit B to First street, on H. B. Co. reserve.

Limit D from the westerly boundary of limit C to Third street, H. B. Co. reserve.

The by-law provides that all buildings hereafter erected upon or moved to fire limits A, B, C or D. shall have exterior walls of solid brick, stone, iron or concrete, "or in case of other buildings be, with the exception of the ground floor front, metal sheeted, and unless the roofs thereof are exteriorly covered with metal or other incombustible material."

"No building shall be constructed after this date within limit B. nor after the 1st January, 1901, within fire limit C, nor after the 1st of Jan., 1902, within fire limits A. or D., or after the said respective dates removed from one place to another, within the respective limits aforesaid, whether the place to which it is moved be upon the same lots or other parcel of land therein, or not unless, in any such case, the exterior walls thereof are constructed of solid brick, stone or iron or unless the roofs are covered, exteriorily, with metal or other incombustible material." This does not apply to small outhouses of specified size.

Provision is made that additions to all buildings must comply with the law; a minimum thickness is set for all brick and stone walls; the erection of chimneys unless constructed of brick and mortar is prohibited, and all stove pipes must be incased in brick or concrete. The storing of gunpowder and combustible fluids within the municipality is restricted.

"No waste paper, straw, hay, shavings, or other inflammable materials, nor packing cases, crates, or other wooden thing containing any such inflammable materials shall be allowed to remain uncovered in any yard or exposed place within the fire limits of the town longer than twenty-four hours."

The depositing of ashes is limited to a brick or metal receptacle.

A building and fire inspector shall be appointed.

All plans for buildings and exterior additions to buildings, exceeding in cost $100 shall be first submitted to the building and fire inspector, before work is commenced.

For any infringement of the by-law a penalty not exceeding $50 and costs will be imposed on conviction, with the alternative of imprisonment for non-payment.

KOOTENAY PRICES, MARCH 3RD.

Commercial: Creamery butter is very scarce at present and is quoted 2c higher this week. Choice dairy would sell well just now. Eggs are offering more freely and are 2c lower.

Butter—Ontario creamery, 30c; choice dairy, 22c per pound.

Cheese—Large, 15 1-2c; small sizes, 16c per lb.

Eggs—Fresh Washington eggs, 22c; pickled, 16c per dozen.

Oats—Per ton, $27.

Millfeed—Bran, $20; shorts, $22 per ton.

Flour—Manitoba patent, $4.80.

Hay—Per ton, $27.

Potatoes—Per ton, $22.

ELECTORS' MEETINGS.

J. W. Shera, M. L. A., for Victoria, will address his constituents at Agricola, on March 21st at 7 p. m., and at Partridge Hill on Thursday, 15th at 7 p. m. and at Fort Saskatchewan on the 8th.

The Merchants Bank
OF CANADA.
HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.

Capital Paid Up, - $6,000,000.
Reserve Fund, - $2,600,000.

EDMONTON BRANCH.

A general Banking business transacted. Interest allowed on deposits.

I.S. WILLMOTT, Manager.

MARKETS.

Oats, feed, 19c to 20c; milling, 21c to 23c.

Hay, pressed, $5.50 to $7 per ton; loose, $5.50 to $6.00.

Eggs, 25c per doz.

Apples 3 to 5 lbs. for 25c.

Wood, dry, $2.00 per cord.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING.

The following members were present: President Lines; Secretary Cowie; Councillors, Bellamy, Gallagher, Johnson, Walker, Sigler, MacKenzie, Graydon, LaRue, Gariepy, Tims and Willmott.

After the reading of the minutes of last meeting T. Bellamy for the committee on express rates, reported that the matter had been fully gone into, but that owing to the absence of Mr. Morris who holds all the documents, a formal report could not be made until Mr. Morris' return.

On motion of Bellamy-Gallagher the secretary was instructed to write the departments of agriculture at Ottawa and Regina, informing them of the existence and objects of the Edmonton Industrial Exhibition Association and asking grants in aid of the association, mentioning that the Edmonton Agricultural society has been long dormant and of no use.

The resolution of the Toronto board of trade, of 4th Dec., 1899, in favor of Imperial preferential trade was concurred in and endorsed by this board.

It was moved and carried that in order to fit up one of the board rooms for the exhibition of the products of the district, and the display of maps, views, etc., as well as to permit of visitors receiving and obtaining information on the district, the town council be respectfully requested to re-vote a grant voted by them for that purpose some years ago, but never paid.

IS HARVEY STRATHDEE DEAD?

Dawson, Yukon, Sun, Feb. 13.—A letter received by Commissioner Ogilvie during the early part of the week, and which was written by a Mr. A. C. Strathdee, at Chicago, Ill., relates the pathetic story of the disappearance of his son, under painfully mysterious circumstances, during the month of September, 1898, and appeals to the commissioner for his kind offices in an effort to locate the missing man.

Mr. Strathdee states that whilst on the trail between Peace river and the Nelson, his son, Harvey, at an early hour one morning, left the camp without saying anything to the father, presumably with the impression that the latter was asleep. That was the last time that Mr. Strathdee saw his son. When Harvey failed to return to the camp, as expected, the afflicted father instituted anxious and diligent search for him, which he prosecuted with the assistance of two others, until snow fell, when he was constrained to abandon the search in despair. The spot at which he disappeared was 240 miles distant from any settlement, and as not trace of the son could be discovered, the father naturally concluded that his son had met his death in some isolated spot, this being rendered the more likely as the latter had carried away with him a rifle, and had evidently gone in search of game.

He states that he has just been informed that his boy was seen in Dawson during the last summer, and although this seems to him to be too good to be true, he has recourse to this letter to, if possible, verify the story and obtain information as to his present whereabouts.

The missing man is described as follows: Harvey Strathdee, formerly of Brantford, Ont., fine looking, 22 years old at the time of his disappearance, 5 ft. 6 1-2 inches in height, of medium build, dark complexion, black moustache of short and light growth of good habits and generally neat about his person.

(The sad circumstances connected with the loss of Harvey Strathdee are well known here. His father returned to Edmonton in the fall of 1898, bringing the sad story as told briefly above. Mr. Strathdee, senior, while here made arrangements through the traders of the north to be advised of any information of his lost son. The following spring Indians coming in to the Hudson's Bay Co's post at Vermilion, on Peace river, reported finding in the woods, about fifty miles from the place where young Strathdee was lost, the body of a whiteman. The matter was reported to Mr. Strathdee, Sr., but so far as known here the truth of the report was never investigated, nor any steps taken to ascertain whether the body was that of Harvey Strathdee or not).

CANADIAN GARRISON AT HALIFAX.

An Ottawa despatch says the instructions were to be sent out Monday last, from the militia department for the formation and organization of a provisional regiment from the Canadian militia to take the place of the Leinster regiment, to garrison Halifax. The regiment will be organized in exactly the same way as was the first Canadian contingent, which was selected from all the military districts of the Dominion. There will be over one thousand men and officers taken from the infantry battalions. There will be no cavalry or artillery. It is expected that the regiment will be ready for duty about the 15th inst., as Halifax city is already included in the garrisoning work. No local men will be taken.

LETTER FROM THE NORTH.

Vermilion, N. W. T., Feb. 1st.

Editor Bulletin.

Perhaps a short letter from this north town would be of some interest to readers of your valuable paper.

Winter came early and is passing away somewhat easily. About 12 inches of snow, and two feet of ice. The time was when winter was the name for hard times, and Vermilion was styled starvation. When we hear about these things from other places, the thought comes home; What a favored locality is this.

Sheriden Lawrence says he has threshed 11,000 bushels of grain for this season, 8,000 of this being wheat and half of the wheat more or less frozen. This grain was grown on both sides of the river and some of it four or five miles inland. This kills entirely the old notion that wheat could be raised only on the south side and in close proximity to the Peace. Something more than half of the past season's grain was raised on the north side. The continued down fall of rain during the entire summer, had the effect of causing a large growth of straw and retarded ripening, causing some loss by frost.

Machine threshing by steam has been done for the past eight years in a small way with a light machine, but this did not commend itself to the farmer. The expense was so much that the old way of treading out with horses was kept up as usual, 4-5 of the grain being worked out this way. Now what a change. The advent of a modern machine discounted this ancient work. "Do you intend to thresh for others?" was asked. What terms, and how shall we stack; what kind of wood; how much; and what number of men are wanted?". We asked no man for his job, they came to us. Most of them make plans for longer time in threshing and were astonished at the whole business, and pleased beyond measure at the amount of grain and light expense. The hum of the thresher and whistle of the engine put new life, and caused them to say: "I will try and have more for you next year. No more threshing with horses by me." Plows and binders are now called for by them. (The shack covered with bark, will no longer fill the bill for 'house.' "How much will it cost for lumber, shingles and nails?" is asked. Orders for these suplies came in with more or less cash in advance. A few years ago we were told by old fossils, you can't raise any grain in the Peace river country. No place for farming. Now they ask, "What are you going to do with all your flour and bacon?"

Such a class of humanity it is hard to satisfy.

With best wishes
I remain yours sincerely,
H. H. L.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Alberta—R. Sanderson, Peace river; E. E. Stoner, T. P. McIntyre, G. M. Aikman, Winnipeg; A. Duffany, Newport, R. I.; L. Moret, Major Griesbach, Fort Saskatchewan; E. Brosseau, St. Albert; A. C. Beach, J. B. Forsithe, Montreal; Jos. Biveridge, Vancouver; T. A. Hollinrake, T. F. Monypenny, H. Bedlington, Toronto.

Queen's—S. J. Truscott, Stony Plain; E. J. Lavoire, J. Mahoney, Winnipeg; P. E. Gessard, J. L. Johnson, A. Lessard, N. Crews, town; S. Lamoureaux, H. Lamoureaux, J. Graham, Fort Saskatchewan; Rev. John Greenfell, Arnprior; G. Johnson, K. R. Johnson, L. Hein, Leduc; T. Antheney, Arrowhead; J. Johnson; P. Link, Cold lake; A. Coghlan, J. Grant, J. Lacombe, town; L. Duchesneau, J. Claverie, Egg lake; Thos. Molony, Calgary; I. J. Goverly, Peterboro; J. Grant, Detroit; J. Beaudry, L. Brissoneault, T. Maron, Morinville; E. Courchent, P. Graconde, St. Albert.

Jasper—W. H. Coughlan, F. A. Pierce, W. Wells, New Lunnon; J. W. Dunham, R. Leemon, N. Arnold, town; Mrs. McDonald, Pembina river; D. Brown and wife, town; C. Nelson, F. Knight, J. Becker, Sturgeon; A. M. Erskine, H. A. Brownlow, B. C. Herlight, Strathcona; C. Ebert and wife Fort Saskatchewan; R. A. J. McDonald, Glengarry.

BRITISH LOSSES.

The casualty lists are being classified as quickly as possible. They show that up to Tuesday, the 27th February, the total number of casualties was 12,834, of which 2,319 were added during the last fortnight. Ten of the eleven Scotch regiments lost about 2,050 men, and eight of the Irish regiments, 2,060. Then come the Gloucesters and Northumberlands, while 200 colonials, are on the list. The Royal Canadians lost 121 (?) and the Victoria Mounted contingent, 26. The casualties are classified thus:

Killed,	1,993
Wounded,	6,838
Missing,	3,173
Disease,	830
Total,	12,834

The Canadian list of casualties in the Royal Canadian Regiment shows 129 casualties of all kinds, not 121. The details are here repeated:

Killed, February 18,	19	
Killed, February 27,	8	
Died from disease,	5	
		32
Wounded, February 18,	63	
Wounded, February 20,	4	
Wounded, February 27,	30	
		97
Total,		129

McDougall & Secord.

CORSETS

Over Fifty different Styles to Choose from.

All direct from the best manufacturers and made of the Choicest Jeans.

Some very neat things in black, all glove-fitting, made by the D. & A. Corset Co., at 75c, $1.25 and $1.90.

The MAGNETIC one of Crompton's best make is a beautiful black Corset with lace top, yellow stitched—only $1.35.

Grey Corsets at 50c, 60c, 75c, 80c and 85c—all made to wear and fit.

Our D. & A. Corset in grey and flesh at $1.00 is splendid value.

If you want perfect comfort, buy the CREST CORSET with elastic sides—$1.35.

The Model Bust with shoulder straps is the correct thing for any lady with weak back—only $1.25.

A pair of the GLORIA Corset Waists is solid comfort for the house. All sizes for $1.25.

The short French Corset is quite a favorite among the ladies. We have them in grey, white, pink, blue and black at $1.25 per pair.

Children's Corset Waists in all sizes at 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c and $1.25.

McDougall & Secord.

SAVE MONEY.

It's what you save that makes you rich, and if you are alive to your own interest you will find you save money by trading with us. Other people do—why not you?

SHOES...

It will soon be shoe weather and it's only a question of where to buy them. Every shoe we sell is sure to give satisfaction. That is the way we are building up a shoe trade. Good Shoes and reasonable prices.

HATS & CAPS...

Our spring stock is in and here you find the hat or cap that suits you. Call and examine these.

GLOVES...

When you discard the heavy winter mitt you want something in the glove line. In these we carry a most complete range, and if we can't fix you up well, no one can.

GROCERIES...

A world of them, with only a small bit of space to tell about them. What more can we do than mention two or three articles and ask you to come and see the rest.

New Breakfast Foods, New Coffees,

Fearman's Star Brand Breakfast Bacon.

Good Goods Cheap. Prompt attention to your wants.

ROSS BROS., EDMONTON.

Scrip. $100 FOR $75

You can save 25 per cent. by paying for your land in Scrip instead of Cash. Write for particulars.

SCRIP for SALE.

McDOUGALL & SECORD, EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

WANTED!

FARMS TO RENT

For the coming season by a number of my correspondents in the United States.

Send description and rent required to

ISAAC COWIE, Edmonton.